

Capital Area Cross-River Connections Study

prepared for Harrisburg Area Transportation Study (HATS)

in cooperation with Pennsylvania Department of Transportation

prepared by Gannett Fleming, Inc.















Study Background

- Conducted to improve safety and mobility for all modes of cross-river transportation
- Data Collection and Existing Conditions
 Analyses Fall 2012 Fall 2013
 - Bridge existing conditions
 - Traffic data collection
 - Transportation safety audit
 - Public surveys and open house





Bridge Existing Conditions

Walnut Street Bridge

(between Harrisburg and City Island)

Open-grid deck 12 feet wide



- Built in 1890
- Rehabilitated in 1996
- 1,420 feet long
- 7 spans

Concrete sidewalk

6 feet wide



Construction: steel truss











Bridge Existing Conditions







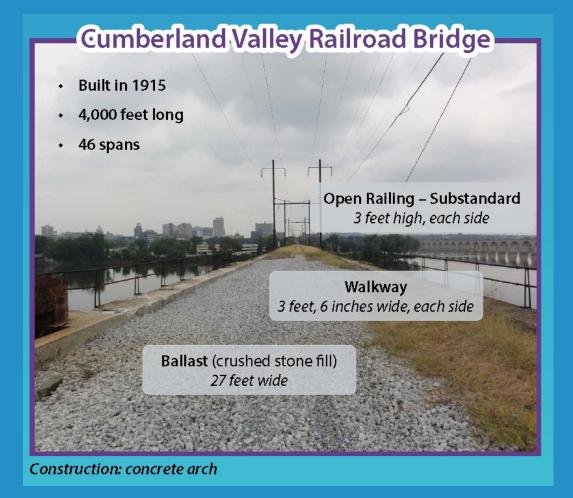








Bridge Existing Conditions





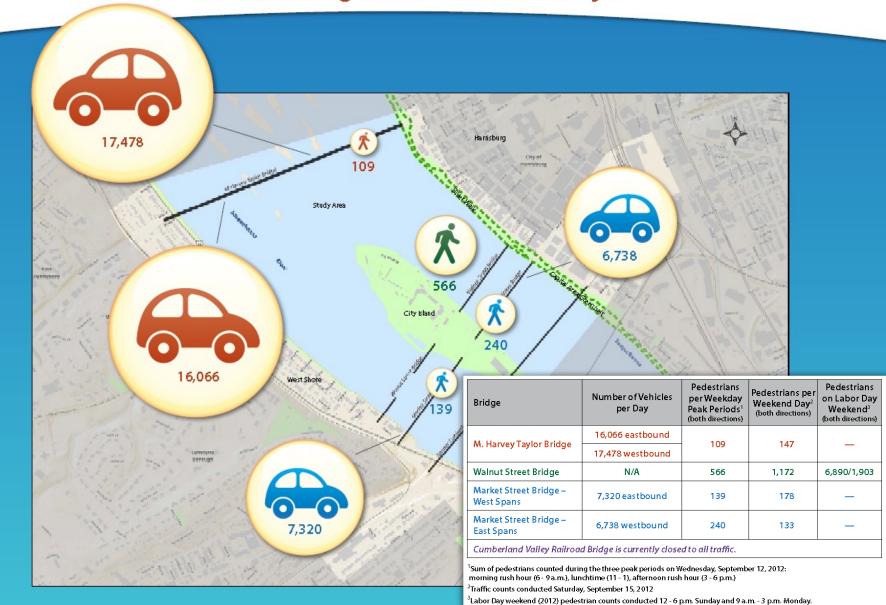




How much pedestrian and vehicle traffic do the bridges handle currently?







Senators baseball games on City Island started both days at 2 p.m.





Transportation Safety Audit

- Projects to improve the use of the bridges should enhance safety for motorists, pedestrians, and bicyclists.
- A road safety audit identified top safety concerns as follows:
 - Sidewalks end abruptly, are narrow, or nonexistent
 - No barrier between sidewalks and driving lane
 - Poor or missing signs
 - Pavement markings faded

In Wormleysburg, sidewalk between the Market Street Bridge and Walnut Street Bridge is discontinuous and has non-compliant ADA ramps.









Transportation Safety Audit

- Top safety concerns (continued):
 - Inadequate accommodation for people with disabilities (such as curb ramps)
 - Poor lighting at night
 - Road surface uneven
 - Poor drainage, snow/ice obstructions
 - Poor pedestrian/bicycle connectivity between Wormleysburg and Lemoyne



Inadequate
accommodation
for people with
disabilities—push
buttons for "Walk"
signal are inaccessible,
and some curb ramps
lack detectable warning
surfaces which assist
vision-impaired people.

Sidewalks are narrow along the Market Street bottleneck at the railroad bridges.









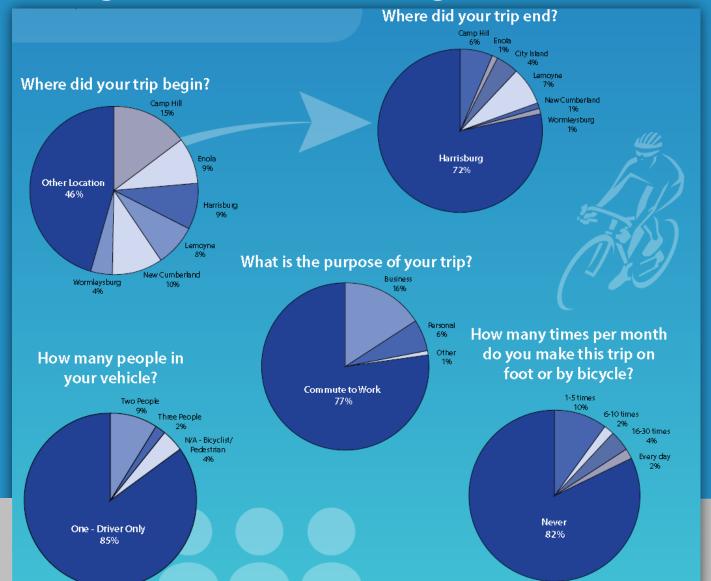






Public Surveys

Origin-destination survey responses of travelers exiting the Market Street Bridge on both shores





Public Open House

- Public Open House Oct 2013 with the following common responses:
 - Poor connectivity/signage for HTB
 - Improve MSB sidewalk and railing
 - Positive feedback on use of CAT
 Bridge, especially for bike/ped travel













Study Results

- Study considered:
 - Future needs, multimodal mobility, and agency/public input
 - A phased approach to stage improvements in a cost effective and most feasible manner



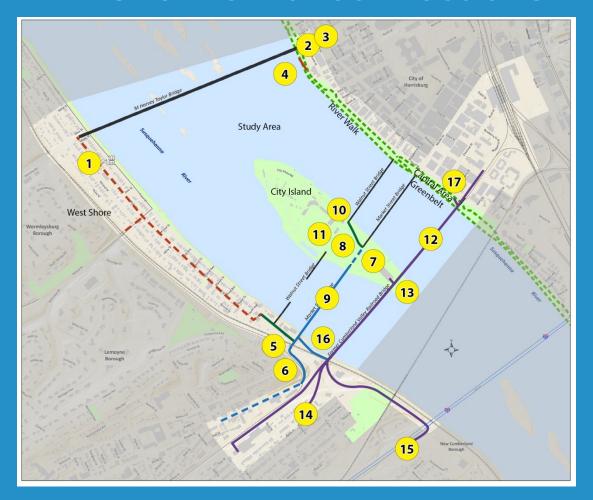






Study Results

Overview of connections







Study Results Harvey Taylor Bridge – West Shore



<u>Costs:</u> <\$5,000



Study Results Harvey Taylor Bridge – East Shore



- 2. Near-term improve signs/markings (\$2,500)
- 3. Mid-term upgrade pedestrian signal equipment and minimize pedestrian crossing distances (\$170k)



Study Results Harvey Taylor Bridge – East Shore

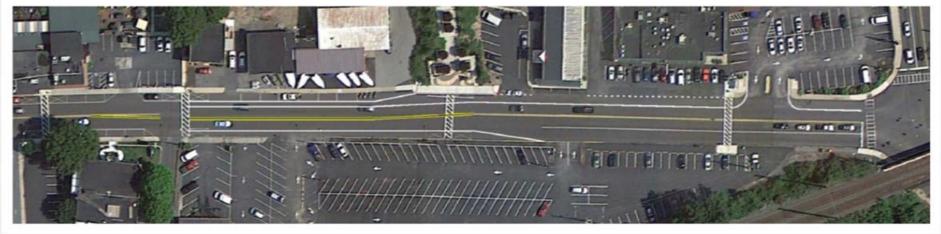
4. Mid-term connect River Walk and Greenbelt (\$1.8 M)

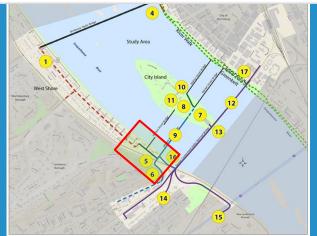


Study Results Market Street Bridge – West Shore

Near-Term

5. Restripe Front Street to reduce crossing distances (<\$5,000)





Study Results Market Street Bridge – West Shore

- 6. Repair existing sidewalk within bottleneck (\$10k-\$20k)
- 7. Restrict left turns to/from City Island (\$5,000)

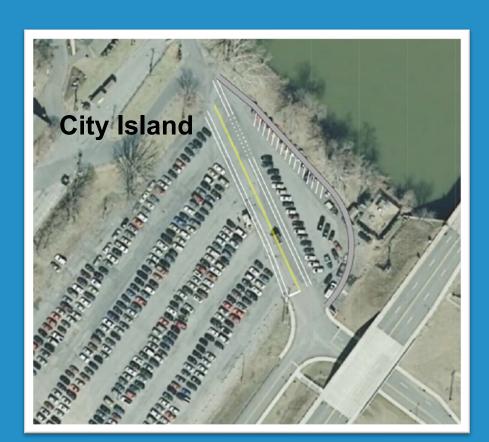


Study Results City Island

Near-Term

- 8. Upgrade pedestrian/bicycle connections on City Island (\$20,000)
- 10. Ped/Bike signing for travel between WSB and MSB (\$<5,000)
- 11. City Island bike share



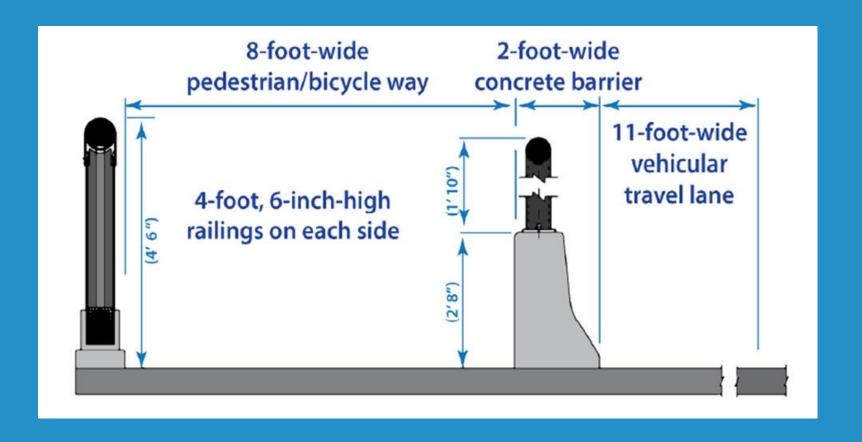


Study Results Market Street Bridge – West Shore Spans

Mid-Term

9. Widen bridge and sidewalk (\$200k)

NOTE: This would be part of a bridge rehabilitation project



Study Results Walnut Street Bridge

Future Use (Long Term)

- No transportation "need" for the West Shore spans of the Walnut Street Bridge.
- Even if the missing spans were replaced, the bridge could only accommodate bicycles and pedestrians (at \$12 M - \$30 M).
- The Market Street Bridge is 500 feet southeast and provides vehicular, bicycle, and pedestrian connectivity.
- Funds should be utilized to improve the other study bridges which provide connectivity for all modes.
 - MSB Ped Improvements \$200k (above rehab cost)
 - CAT Bridge (\$3.2 M)
 - With City Island Connection only (\$150k additional)
 - With City Island, East & West Shore Connections (\$4.5 M additional)

Study Results CAT Bridge

- Any projects considered which involve the CAT Bridge and its shore connections will require cooperation from the railroads (Norfolk Southern and Amtrak)
- Railroads are owners of right-of-way at the bridge termini
- It is estimated that periodic maintenance of the bridge will be required at 5-yr intervals at a cost of \$1.5 M
 - Concrete repairs will be necessary
 - This will be required whether or not the bridge is put to use

Study Results CAT Bridge

Mid-Term

12.Convert bridge to pedestrian and bicycle shared-use pathway (\$3.2 M)



Study Results CAT Bridge – City Island

Construct an elevated pedestrian connection from the bridge to the City Island parking garage (\$150k)



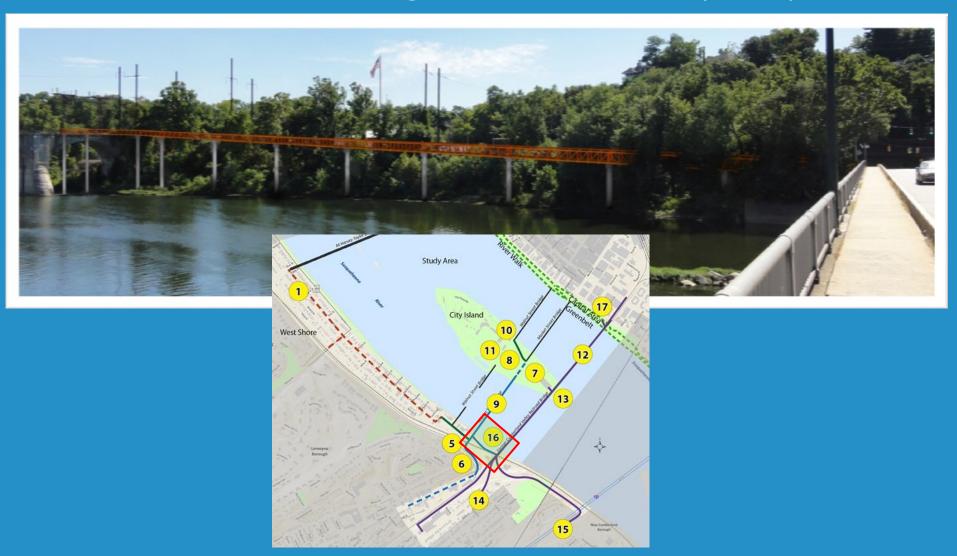
Study Results CAT Bridge – West Shore

- Construct pedestrian and bicycle connections between CAT bridge and Lemoyne-New Cumberland:
 - (14) Bosler (\$450k)
 - (15) Lowther (\$430k)



Study Results CAT Bridge – West Shore

16. Build an elevated pedestrian and bicycle connection between the CAT and Market Street bridges on the West Shore (\$1.8 M)



Study Results CAT Bridge – East Shore

17. Construct a ramp to provide pedestrian and bicycle connection between the CAT bridge and Front Street/Greenbelt (\$1.7 M)





- Bridge Rehabilitation (\$12 \$15 M)
 - Necessary at some point even if the bridge remains unused
 - Includes waterproof membrane,
 concrete repairs, and repair of scour
 holes with grout bags











- Potential alternative use considerations
 - Additional stakeholder input necessary
 - Transit use requires
 - Administration agreements with railroad owners
 - Pavement or rail to accommodate potential transit use.
 - \$300,000 for pavement or \$700,000 for track
 - » The limits of any potential transit corridor are uncertain, so cost for only on bridge itself and not approaches.
 - » Does not include gates, signaling, lighting, and other appurtenances.







- Bridge Option 1: Shared Transit, Pedestrian,
 Bicycle Facility
 - One-lane, two-way busway
 - Shared-use path (as suggested for mid-term improvement)









- Bridge Option 2: Elevated Park
 - Without transit, one long-term alternative is an elevated park
 - Transit use will require cooperation from NS and Amtrak









- Bridge Option 2: Elevated Park
 - Safer connection for non-vehicular traffic
 - Potential recreational uses include festivals, a fireworks viewing area, location for lunch hours.
 - Could provide emergency vehicle access
 (dependent upon connections at each shore)



Elevated Park Example: Highline Park, NYC







Study Results

- Other Long-Term Considerations
 - CAT approaches are on NS and Amtrak ROW

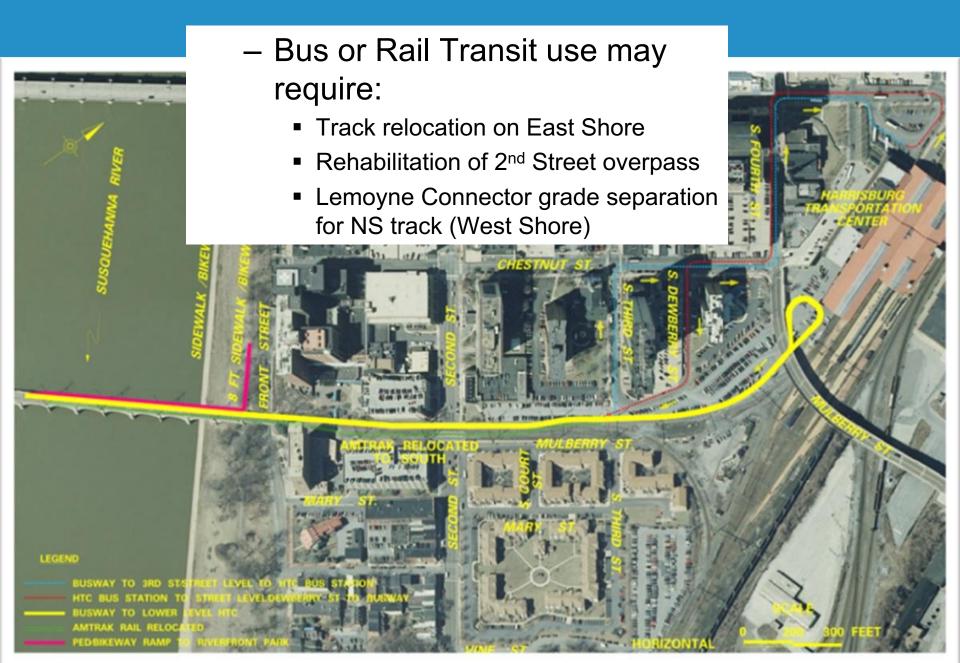








Study Results





Next Steps

- Study adopted at Feb 28, 2014 Coordinating Committee Meeting
- Next Steps
 - Establish project sponsors / follow project development process through HATS
 - Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)
 - Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)
 - Perform additional detailed study and analyses for mid- and long-term projects as required
 - Especially applies to those where continued consideration by railroad stakeholders is necessary
 - Evaluate the additional opportunities for funding, given the multiple uses for the CAT Bridge





